EARLY CHILDHOOD YEARS ARE A WONDROUS TIME OF GROWTH AND EXPLORATION



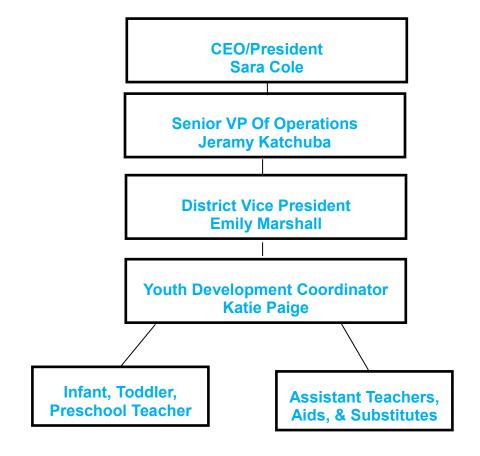
COOK COUNTY CHILD CARE CENTER POLICIES AND PROCEDURES



POLICIES AND PROCEDURES INDEX

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ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



Behavior Guidance Policies – (subpart 1)

The Cook County Child Care Center is dedicated to providing nurturing, stimulating care to every child and family we serve. To meet this goal we have instituted the following general behavior guidance policies and procedures for the safety of the children and our staff members.

- 1. Ensure that each child is provided with a positive model of acceptable behavior
- 2. Be tailored to the developmental level of the children that the center is licensed to serve
- 3. Redirect children and groups away from problems towards constructive activity in order to reduce conflict
- 4. Teach children how to use acceptable alternatives to problem behavior in order to reduce conflict
- 5. Protect the safety of children and staff person
- 6. Provide immediate and directly related consequences for a child's unacceptable behavior.

Specific methods for behavior guidance are as follows:

Redirection: Redirection is the number one tool of the staff at Cook County Child Care Center. Use redirection to navigate children, as individuals or groups, away from problems toward constructive activity in order to reduce conflict. *Example: The four children in your group have just come inside from playing in the cold, and are still crying. Redirect their attention by saying, "Should we sing a song? What song would you like to sing?" and beginning a song.*

Focus on the positive: Acceptable alternatives must be given to a child acting in an objectionable manner in order to reduce conflict. Try to avoid telling children what <u>not</u> to do, and instead focus on what they <u>should</u> be doing. Example: "Feet on the floor" rather than "Don't climb on the table."

Language: Use appropriate language at all times around the children. Try to be aware of how your words would sound to a parent or outside observer if they happened to walk in, and be sensitive to different levels of acceptability in different house holds. *Example: One mom asked us not to use the word "hate"* (as in, "I hate it when my socks are wet!") around her child, as she did not want it to be a common part of his vocabulary.

Keep up-to-date: Please check with the teachers at the beginning of the week to learn the curriculum plans so you can highlight the theme for the week in your interactions with the children. Also ask about any new individual behavioral plans for children that you need to be aware of for behavior guidance and consistency. *Example: If a child has been using swear words, ask the teacher what the behavior plan is so you know how to appropriately respond when he/she is in your care.*

Physical altercations: If a child is hurting another child, separate them momentarily and tell the child what the inappropriate action was, why it was not ok, and what they *can* do instead. Help the child empathize with the hurt child. Never use words that shame or blame children for their actions. Let the children know you disapprove of the behavior, not of them. *Example: "Ouch! Hitting hurts! Use your words to tell your friend you want the toy back. Look—our friend is sad. See his tears? I'm going to give him a hug to help him feel better. Please use gentle hands with our friends."*

Developmental levels: Be aware of the developmental-levels of the classroom you are working in, and what is appropriate to expect from a child in that particular age-range. *Example: Use shorter, easier-to-understand sentences with toddlers than you would with preschoolers.*

Group activities: Children are strongly *encouraged,* but not required, to participate in group activities. If a child is playing contentedly on his or her own and does not want to join in, simply keep inviting him or her to join at intervals throughout the activity. *The two exceptions* are mealtimes and outside times. Children need to come to the table for meals, although we do not force them to eat. It is up to the teacher's discretion how long children need to sit at the table, and whether or not children have to go outside with everyone else.

Teachable moments: Use every moment as a teaching moment. This includes, but is not limited to, transitioning up and down the stairs, getting snow gear on to go outside, mealtimes, times when the children have to wait, bathroom time, going on walks, etc. *Example: "Can you guys count the stairs with me as we go down them? One, two, three, four, five! Nice job!"*

Self-reliance: Encourage children to be as self-reliant as possible. Assist them when they need help, but take the time to show them how to do things and let them try to do it on their own. Example: Use the time getting ready to go outside as a teaching moment by encouraging children to put on their own boots/coats/hats and allowing them the time to try to do it for themselves.

Child interactions: Play with the children! Remain on their level as much as possible, and interact with them. Be aware that commands from across the room are rarely listened-to, so be prepared to walk over to the child and help if you are asking him or her to do something. Example: You just asked a child to pick up the cars he's playing with across the room, and he hasn't. Say, "Should we sing the clean-up song while we pick up the cars? Here, I'll come over and help you find the right bucket for them."

Have a plan: Know your plan whenever you are in the classroom. Even if it is just "guided exploration" time, give the children a couple activities to choose from and join them in play. If you are leading a group, find out from the teacher if there are any activities the children should be doing, any diapers that need to be done, etc. Always be aware of that week's theme so you can highlight it in your play with the children in your group.

Follow-through: Whenever you give a child an expectation, such as "bring your cup to the bucket please," be prepared to follow-through on it if the child refuses. Remain calm and kind, but for consistency's sake stay firm even if they protest. *Example: "Books are for reading, not throwing, so please go pick your book up." The child ignores Teacher and walks to the hallway door saying "hallway," so Teacher goes to her and says, "As soon as you pick up your book we can go to the hallway. Would you like me to help you?" and takes child by the hand over to the book.*

Give choices: Give children choices whenever possible to give them chances to have control over their own persons, just make sure they are acceptable choices so a power-struggle does not ensue. *Example: It's time to go potty! Would you like Teacher Anna or Teacher John to bring you?"* Here, the child is going potty with either choice, but they get to pick which teacher brings them so they can maintain a sense of control.

Specific encouragements: Encourage children as much as possible using specific language and examples so that they are aware of the behaviors/actions you want them to be doing. *Example:* Say, "You did a great job using your crayon to draw lines on your paper!" rather than an abstract, "Nice job, guys!"

Singing/reading: Never underestimate the power of songs and books. These are often great ways to calm down and get control of an individual child or a large group because it distracts them from their distress and redirects them to think about something else. In addition, these are the building blocks of language and literacy for children, and so should be used often throughout the day. Example: Group of four kids are waiting in the loft for the cots to be ready so they can lay down for nap, and are growing tired and cranky. Announce, "It's story time! Let's clean up so we can read!" and assist the children in gathering on the bean-bags to read a group story together.

Schedule changes: Give children a heads-up about what's next in the schedule, and give them a few-minutes warning before it is time to clean-up and head to the next activity so they can be prepared. *Example: "In two minutes it will be your turn to go potty."*

Control Your Reactions: Respond to children calmly and matter-of-factly when they are behaving in an unacceptable manner and you need to redirect them. As hard as it can be, do not react with anger, a loud voice, or in a "large" way, as this may encourage children to repeat the behavior to get attention. *Example: In a calm, firm voice, "We roll balls inside. When we go outside you can throw it. Here, sit with me and we can roll it back and forth together."*

Emotions: Allow children to feel their emotions. Give the child a word for their emotion, such as "sad" or "mad," and assist them in working through it. *Example: child is sad that Mom just left.*

"You're crying! Are you sad? Mom had to go to work, but she'll be back after nap. She misses you too. Should we draw a card to give to Mom when she comes to pick you up?"

-- feel free to talk the children through your own emotions so they can see how it's done, and use the time to help promote empathy. Example: Ouch! My finger got pinched in the door! It makes me really sad when that happens. Does anyone want to give me a hug to help me feel better?

Modeling: Model appropriate behavior for children at all times. This includes:

- --mealtimes: encourage children to try everything on their plate by acting excited yourself about what is offered. Use mealtimes as teachable moments. *Example: "Look! I found a round, green pea! Can anyone else find a round, green pea?"*
- --bathroom time: ask every child if they would like to sit on the potty, but NEVER force them. You can read them a bathroom book (if they want) to reinforce concepts and "time" their sit on the potty. You can reward a child anytime she or he sits by giving a sticker and tallying it on a potty sheet. Encourage the children to pull up their own pants and underwear, wipe themselves (check to make sure they were thorough!), put on shoes, etc. Always make a child's body/bodily functions seem "normal" rather than "gross," in or out of the bathroom—this includes the language you use for body parts, bowl movements, smells, etc.
- --relationships: model positive social interactions with children, parents, and staff. Example: take a moment to happily greet every child and family when they arrive to make them feel welcome and ease the transition to school, as well as to discuss the child's day with his/her caregiver at pick-up and ease the transition to home.

When guiding a child's behavior do not:

- -ask children "why" they did it when they do something unacceptable. *Instead, simply tell them what they* can *do and redirect to another activity.* .
- -force children to say they are "sorry" after hurting another friend. *Instead, help them learn how they should behave by encouraging "gentle touches" and promoting empathy by discussing how their friend feels after being hurt.*
- -ask children "would you want me to bite/hit/hurt you?" as a way to make them feel bad for hurting a friend. Instead, tell them to be gentle and discuss how their friend feels after being hurt.

Behavior Guidance Policies – (subpart 2)

Persistent Unacceptable Behavior

No one plan will work for every child in every situation. Staff needs to be sensitive to the circumstances of each case, such as the child's temperament, the child's family situation, if the child is sick, tired, hungry, frustrated, teething, etc, and brainstorm to come up with an appropriate, tailored response to each individual situation.

- 1. The first step in addressing persistent unacceptable behavior is increasing the amount of individual time, attention, and guidance devoted to that particular child.
- 2. Staff members should record observations on a form that is accessible for all staff and kept in a location that is confidential. The child's behavior should be recorded as well as the staff member's response.
- 3. A meeting will be held with center staff, director, parents, and other professionals when appropriate to develop a plan. Parents may be asked what types of behaviors they see at home, in the community, at other family member's homes, etc, and what their methods are for dealing with the problem behavior. The observations and interventions will be shared. The group will brainstorm about possible solutions and create an Individual Childcare Plan. This plan will be shared with other staff members working with the child and kept in a confidential location in the classroom.
- 4. A referral may be made if necessary and with parental permission.

Behavior Guidance Policies – (subpart 3)

Prohibited Actions

DO NOT:

1. Subject a child to corporal punishment, including but not limited to:

Rough handling Shaking Shoving Slapping

Hair pulling Kicking
Ear pulling Biting
Pinching Hitting

Spanking

- Subject a child to emotional stress, including but not limited to:
 name calling, making derogatory remarks about a child or child's family
 ostracism, using language that threatens, humiliates, or frightens child, and shaming
- 3. Separate child from the group as a means of behavior guidance, except within rule requirements.
- 4. Punish children for lapses in toileting.
- 5. Withhold food, light, warmth, clothing, or medical care as a punishment for unacceptable behavior.
- 6. Use physical restraint other than to physically hold a child where containment is necessary to protect a child or others from harm.
- 7. Use mechanical restraints, such as tying.
- 8. Prone restraint prohibition. A prone restraint is a physical hold or mechanical restraint that places a person in a face-down position. All licensed and certified programs prohibit the use of prone restraints except in very specific brief instances. These exceptions include a person rolling into a prone position during a restraint if the person is restored to a non-prone position as quickly as possible, holding a person briefly in a prone restraint to apply mechanical restraints if

- the person is restored to a non-prone position as quickly as possible, and holding a person briefly in a prone restraint to allow staff to safely exit a seclusion room.
- 9. Contraindicated restraint prohibition. Programs must not use any type of restraint that is contraindicated for a person's known medical or psychological conditions. In this context, "contraindicated" means the restraint could be harmful for children with certain medical or psychological conditions. If a restraint is contraindicated for a given child, it means the child's medical or psychological conditions rule out the use of that restraint due to the harm that would be caused. An assessment of any contraindications must occur prior to using restraints on a person and the program must document this determination.

Behavior Guidance Policies – (subpart 4)

Separation From the Group

- 1. Separations from the group as a form of discipline are never allowed, except within rule requirements. For example, a child may be separated when the child's behavior threatens the well being of the child or other children in the program. Separation may occur if the child is behaving in a *dangerous* manner towards staff, other children, or him/herself and less intrusive methods of guiding the child's behavior have been tried and were ineffective. Examples of less intrusive methods include redirection or calming down with a book.
- A child who requires separation from the group must remain within an unenclosed part of the classroom where the child can be continuously seen and heard by a program staff person. If a child is separated it must be documented on the Separation Log and the child's parents must be notified.
- 3. The child must be told that he/she will be allowed back in the group as soon as the dangerous behavior has ceased and the teachers must follow through with this.
- 4. Children between the ages of six weeks and 16 months must <u>not</u> to be separated from the group as a means of behavior guidance.

SEPARATION REPORT

- 1. If a child is separated from the group three or more times in one day, the child's parent shall be notified and the parent notification shall be indicated on the daily log.
- 2. If a child is separated five or more times in one week, eight times or more in two weeks, a parent/teacher conference must be held in accordance to procedures outlined in subpart 2 of the behavior guidance policies.
- 3. Children may only be separated from the group if they are over 16 months old, their behavior threatens the well-being of the child or other children in the program, and less intrusive methods of guiding the child's behavior have been tried and were ineffective.
- 4. When separated, the child remains in an unenclosed part of the classroom where they can be continuously seen and heard by a program staff person.
- 5. The child must be returned to the group when the child has stopped or brought the behavior that caused the separation under control.

| Date | Time | Child's Name | Describe the circumstances prior to the separation | How long was the child separated? | Describe less intrusive methods that were tried but ineffective | Describe child's response to intervention and how the behavior continued to threaten the wellbeing of the other children | Staff Name | Parent Initials |
|------|------|-----------------|--|--|---|--|---------------|--------------------|
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Emergency and Accident Policies and Records

A.FIRST AID

Cook County Child Care Center teachers and assistant teachers are trained in first aid, CPR, and AED within the first 90 days of the start of work. A staff person trained in first aid will be on site during all hours of operation as well as field trips and when transporting children. Procedures for Administering First Aid are posted in classrooms.

B. SAFETY RULES

- 1. To prevent **injuries**, classroom environments will be checked daily.
- *Adult scissors are not to be in reach of the children or left on tables/counters. They need to be stored in an upper cabinet. Children should be supervised with kid-safe scissors.
- *When <u>picking up a child</u>, staff will lift children under the shoulders or on the sides of their body. Children should never be picked up or swung by the arms or wrists/hands.
- *Many <u>doors</u> located in the center are kept closed in order to avoid finger pinching. Children are reminded that "opening doors is a teacher job". When children are congregated by a door, staff will be in charge of operating the door and will pay close attention to each child's whereabouts. Lower cabinet doors in areas when children play will be locked so that they do not pinch their fingers. All volunteers are trained to watch all directions when opening or closing a door.
- *When children are on the <u>changing table</u> being changed, staff must keep one hand on the child at all times to avoid a fall. Staff are never to leave a child alone on a changing table for any reason.
- 2. To prevent **burns**, no candles or other materials with flames will be allowed in classrooms. Glue guns are not allowed to be used in the classrooms. Any hot food served to the children will be cooled to an appropriate temperature on their plates or bowls. Containers that arrive hot from the kitchen will be kept away from the children when plates are being dished up. Hot food will be transferred into other serving dishes to keep the children safe when needed. **Staff will not have hot beverages in the classrooms, no matter what kind of container.** Hot food/beverages consumed by staff will be kept in the office/computer area on the counter pushed as far back as possible so the children are not able to reach it.

Never leave your hot food or beverage unattended. In the infant room a bottle warmer will be used to defrost breast milk or warm a bottle. The bottle warmer is set in the corner to prevent tipping. Children are not allowed in staff member's arms when near or using the bottle warmer to heat or check a bottle.

- 3. To prevent **poisoning**, all hazardous materials, including cleaning solutions, will be kept out-of-reach of children.
- 4 .To prevent **choking**, all hazardous materials, such as balloons, will be kept out of the classroom and out-of-reach of children. Toys will be inspected regularly to ensure there are no broken pieces. All toys will be verified to be age-appropriate and contain no pieces small enough to choke on before being introduced to the classroom.
- 5. To prevent **suffocation**, all hazardous materials, such as plastic bags, will be kept out of the classroom and out-of-reach of children.
- 6. To prevent **traffic accidents**, children will be supervised near the parking lots.
- 7. To prevent **pedestrian accidents**, while crossing the parking lot to get to the playground, children will hold hands with an adult/hold a ring on a rope or ride in a stroller or wagon.
- 8. To prevent accidents related to **allergies**, parents are required to submit all enrollment paperwork prior to each child's first day. Any allergies must be indicated on the forms and verbal communication of the allergy is encouraged. All staff will be informed of the allergy, and signs will be posted near the area where food is served.

C. OUTDOORS

SIDEWALKS - Staff members, if able, should add sand or shovel snow when needed. If dangerous conditions exist, let the director know.

WALKS/TRIPS - When children are out in the community, children will wear safety vests and hold the loops on a rope, hold the hand of a partner or staff member, or safely ride in a wagon/stroller. Children should move in small groups or walk in an orderly line. Staff members should keep constant watch of all children as they transition – those staying behind, those moving and those already in the new location. Staff will also do head counts and face counts frequently, and do roll call to ensure every child is in attendance.

PLAY AREA -Children are supervised at all times while using the play area. When the children are walking from the building to the play area, the staff members will watch them closely at all times to ensure their safety. While children are using the play area, the staff members are constantly walking around making sure all children are safe and always within sight and sound. Staff members are always checking to ensure all equipment is in working order, all toys are safe, and there are no hazards on the ground or in the area. Any broken equipment or hazards will be repaired or removed immediately. Children should stay off of the fence. Toy box lids should only be opened and closed by staff members. Children are not allowed to climb into toy boxes or on top of them.

SUN PROTECTION - Canopies will be used to give the children some shade in our play area. Sunscreen will be applied to each child on the "sunscreen list" before going outside. A list of children who have written permission from his/her parent is posted in each classroom. Sunscreen will be applied to their face and arms/legs if exposed. If the child removes their jacket, then sunscreen needs to be applied to their arms. If the children are going to the park or on a field trip, they will need to have it re-applied, if longer than two hours.

WEATHER - Based on the temperature and humidity, the classrooms will adapt their schedule for the day. Common sense will be used for rain, snow, and stormy weather. Proper clothing will be used on the children and water readily available on hot days.

We use the MN Child Care Weather Watch guidelines developed by Anoka County to determine when it's safe for children to play outdoors.

D. SUPERVISION

WASHROOM - Children are supervised when they use the toilet and wash their hands. Cleaning products, wipes and diaper lotions are kept out of- reach-of-children.

NAPTIME

<u>Infants</u> - Our cribs are in the nursery and positioned to be within sight of staff. <u>Toddlers</u> – Cots are in the nursery and positioned to be within sight of staff. <u>Preschoolers</u>- Cots are in the classroom and a staff member is always present during naptime.

AREAS DIFFICULT TO SUPERVISE - Areas difficult to supervise will be watched closely. Staff members will position themselves so that all children can be supervised at all times. When possible, a staff member will walk at the beginning and end of the toddler and preschool groups as they enter and exit the center. Staff will supervise all areas by doors, especially by the exits. Children will also be taught that the doors are not for play and only the staff should operate them unless otherwise specified by an adult.

DROP-OFF/PICK-UP - When a parent drops off or picks up in the classroom, the parent needs to enter the classroom and safely shut the door before the staff member and parent begin to communicate. When a parent arrives to pick-up time their child and the children are in the play area, the parent is invited in through the door and the door is shut behind them. Then the staff member and parent can safely communicate.

E.STORAGE

STORAGE AREAS - All storage areas will be blocked off to children with dividers, doors or locked cabinets.

STORAGE ITEMS – Heavy items are not to be put on top of shelving in the reach of the children in case they pull it off onto themselves or others. (example – box of books, box of blocks, basket of blankets, etc.)

CLEANING SUPPLIES - All chemicals and cleaning materials will be kept in locked cabinets, closets, or out of children's reach. Staff will ensure all areas are dry and safe for children to use when chemicals have been recently used.

F. DAILY INSPECTION POLICY

Cook County Child Care Center staff will conduct a daily inspection of potential hazards in the classroom environments and the outdoor activity areas. Anything found in the daily inspection to be unsafe or potentially hazardous is remedied or reported immediately.

G. FIRE PREVENTION AND PROCEDURES

- 1. All staff persons will be trained to carry out fire procedures during their new employee orientation.
- 2. **Fire drills** are held monthly and are documented in the Fire Drill Log. Different times of the day will be used each time.
- 3. In the event of a fire, if a teacher has an aide or assistant each teacher assigns his/her aide or assistant to lead the group to the exit and outside. The teacher follows the group and ensures that no child has been left behind while closing off the fire area, also bringing your own cell phone and the classroom backpack (that contains emergency numbers) with him/her if possible. If teacher is on their own, must lead their classroom safely from the building keeping constant watch over all of your children.
- 4. **Evacuation Routes:** Evacuation routes are posted in each room in the center.
- 5. **The primary exit:** The infant group will exit their classroom, take a left, then a right and exit through the black emergency doors of the YMCA and then out the side door near the preschool room. The Toddler group will exit the main classroom door and go directly to the tennis courts. The preschool group will exit through the side door. All groups will meet on the tennis court for role call.
- 6. **The secondary exit:** The infant group will take a right out of their classroom and exit out the back door. The toddler group may exit out their back door. The preschool group can exit using the door near the

- bathrooms, go down the hall and then out the back door. All groups will meet on the tennis court for role call.
- 7. The local **Fire Department's** number is 218-387-9092 or 911 in case of emergencies.
- 8. Each teacher is **responsible for the safe evacuation** of all children in his/her classroom. Assistants, aides, and office personnel will assist teachers in the safe evacuation of children. Infants will be placed into a mobile crib and pushed to safety or carried by a staff member or volunteer.
- 9. How to use a **fire extinguisher**--remember the acronym PASS:
 - P—Pull the pin at the top of the extinguisher. The pin releases a locking mechanism and will allow you to discharge the extinguisher.
 - A— Aim at the base of the fire, not the flames. To put out the fire, you must extinguish the fuel source at the base.
 - S—Squeeze the lever slowly. This will release the extinguishing agent. If the handle is released, the discharge will stop.
 - S—Sweep from side to side. Move the extinguisher back and forth until the fire is completely out. Operate the extinguisher from several feet away, then move towards the fire as it starts to diminish.
- 10. How to close off the fire area: Shut doors
- 11. **Emergency exits** are always kept free and clear of classroom items, including large furniture and toys.
- 12.**Staff and Volunteers** will be instructed about each fire procedures on their first day. After each fire drill, staff will be refreshed on the fire procedure policies, informed about the results of the preceding fire drill.

H. EMERGENCY SHELTER

- 1. In the event of a **natural disaster** in which we must evacuate the premises, Cook County Child Care staff will bring children to the Community Center. Once there, staff will call each family to inform them of the disaster that took place and where to pick up their children, and keep children safe until families arrive.
- 2. In the event of a **blizzard**, Cook County Child Care Staff will call parents at the beginning of the storm to ask parents to come early to

- pick up their children. If absolutely necessary, staff will stay overnight with children.
- 3. In the event of a **tornado**, infants will go to the adjacent locker room. Toddlers will go to the boys restroom area, and preschoolers will go to the girls restroom area. A flashlight and radio will be kept in each room. If there is time, individual comfort items (such as blankets) may be brought into the locker room. Monthly tornado drills will be held from April to October and documented in the Tornado Drill Log.
- 4. **Teachers** are responsible for ensuring that every child in their classroom reaches the locker room safely with help from assistants, aides, and office personnel. Teachers must make sure that all children remain in their room to ensure their safety

5.

I. MISSING CHILD PROCEDURE

If a child is missing, staff must immediately call the <u>parent</u> and then the <u>staff on duty</u> to inform them of the situation. All staff not needed in the classroom must search for the child immediately. Staff members will be posted at the exits to ensure that no one can exit the area. If the child has not been found within five minutes, staff must call the <u>police</u> to report the incident and request assistance. Staff must know the number of children and where each child is in his/her group at all times to avoid having a missing child situation.

J. PICK-UP PROCEDURES

- 1. Never allow an **unauthorized person** to take a child from the center. If you do not recognize a person picking up a child, check the child's file for the authorized pick-up list, then check the person's identification to ensure they are allowed to pick up. If the person is not on the authorized pick-up list, call the child's parent to inform them of the situation.
- 2. If a person arrives to pick up a child while **incapacitated**, call the child's parents or other emergency contacts to find another person to pick up the child. Problem-solve with the person—offer to call a ride for him/her, ask them who could come pick them up, etc. If a parent insists on taking their child while intoxicated, staff must allow them to do so, and then

- immediately call the 911 and report the incident. Staff should call the director/supervisor as soon as possible to inform him/her of the situation.
- 3. If a person **suspected of abuse** attempts to pick up a child, call the child's parents or other emergency contacts to find another person to pick up the child. Follow any court orders in the child's file. If a parent suspected of abuse insists on taking his/her child and there is no court order barring them to do so, staff must let the parent take the child. If staff suspect the child is in danger, they must call 9-1-1 and try to get their license number and make/color of their car. Staff should call the director/supervisor as soon as possible to inform him/her of the situation.
- 4. If no one comes to **pick up a child by closing time**, staff must attempt to reach caregivers and emergency contacts by telephone until he/she reaches someone. If no one has been found to pick up the child *after an hour of attempting to reach caregivers*, staff must call 911 to report an abandoned child. Staff should call the director/supervisor as soon as possible to inform him/her of the situation.

K. EMERGENCY CARE - dial 9-1-1.

L. LOCK DOWN & VIOLENT INTRUDER PROCEDURES

- a. Stay calm, don't panic.
- b. Ensure 911 is called.
- c. If calling 911, give the dispatcher as much information as you can. Provide the address: 105 W 5th Street, Grand Marais, MN.
- d. During lockdown, doors to rooms should be closed and staff will lock them, turn off the lights, and try to keep the children quiet. Cover windows if possible with paper or blankets.
- e. Doors should not be opened until cleared to do so by the authorities.

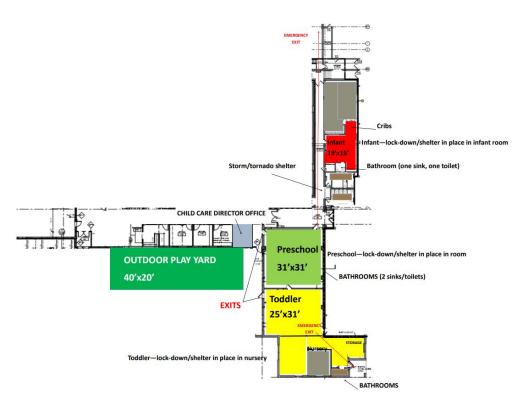
M. Emergency Bomb Threat Evacuation

In the event that a bomb threat is received, DO NOT ASSUME IT IS A HOAX!

- a. Stay calm, don't panic.
- b. Leave quickly and orderly, exit out the doors and meet at the community center. Stay there until emergency personnel say it is safe to return.

- c. If a suspicious object is observed DO NOT TOUCH IT!
- N. <u>ACCIDENTS</u>, INJURIES AND INCIDENTS Parents must be notified through the Incident Form. The following information must be included:
 - a. Name and age of child
 - b. Date of incident/injury/accident
 - c. Place of incident/injury/accident
 - d. Type of accident/injury/accident
 - e. Action taken by staff person(s)
 - f. To whom the accident, injury, or incident was reported (which parent/caregiver)
- O. ANNUAL ANALYSIS of ACCIDENTS, INJURIES, AND INCIDENTS An annual analysis of Incident records will take place by our Health Consultant and Director, and any necessary modification of Cook County Child Care Center policies will be made based on this analysis.

Evacuation Routes & Emergency Shelter



Changing Table Procedures

- 1. Get Organized: Locate gloves, table cover, and the child's diapers, wipes, and cream (if the child uses). Parents provide everything but the gloves.
- 2. Put on your gloves and place a changing cover. Place the child on his or her back on the changing table and remove clothes (shirt can generally stay on, just make sure it's lifted up high enough that it doesn't come in contact with the messy diaper.
- 3. Unfold fresh diaper and place it under the infant. Unfasten the soiled diaper and leave it in place until all of its contents have been wiped away. Always wipe girls from front to back. Make sure you get in all of the baby's folds.
- 4. Place dirty wipes inside soiled diaper as you pull the diaper out from underneath the baby. Fasten, and set aside out of reach of the baby. Apply diaper rash cream if available.) Fasten the new diaper
- 5. Put clothes back on the infant/toddler and wash the baby's hands and your hands.
- 6. Throw away changing pad and sanitize the changing table.

Never every step away or leave a child of any age on the changing table unattended. If you forgot to grab something, ask for help or take the child off the table even if it's just for a moment.

COOK COUNTY YMCA CHILD CARE HEALTH POLICIES

Health Consultation

A designated Health Consultant reviews the center's health policies on a monthly basis or when there are proposed changes or potential outbreaks of contagious reportable illnesses. The review is to ensure safe practices and to certify that they are adequate to protect the health of children in our care.

Health information at admission.

Before a child is admitted to a center or within 30 days of admission, a report on a current physical examination of the child signed by the child's source of medical care will be obtained.

Reexamination.

For children already admitted to the center an updated report of physical examination signed by the child's source of medical care will be obtained at least annually for children under 24 months of age, and whenever a child 24 months or older advances to an older age category.

Immunizations.

When a child is enrolled in the center, documentation of current immunizations will be obtained or a signed notarized statement of parental objection to the immunization, or a medical exemption will be provided by the parent. A list of immunizations required for enrollment is provided to parents on a form which is used to document and track immunization dates. The form also describes exemptions from immunization and once obtained this form is kept on file at the child care center.

Notice about a sick child

When a child is diagnosed by a source of medical or dental care as having a contagious reportable disease, lice, scabies, impetigo, ringworm, or chicken pox, the parent must inform the center within 24 hours. A notice will be provided to parents of exposed children the same day a parent notifies the center of a child's illness or condition. The health authority will also be notified within 24 hours of receiving the parent's report. If a child becomes sick at the center, their parents are notified immediately.

Administration of medicine

The Cook County Child Care Center will not administer medicine unless it is a medicine used to treat a child in an emergency situation (such as anaphylaxis). In order to administer the medicine, the condition and treatment must be listed on the child's ICCP form and a medication administration form must accompany it. On the medication administration form, administration of medicine is recorded with the child's name, name of the medicine, date, time, dosage, and the name and signature of the person who dispensed the medicine.

The Center will administer diapering products, sunscreen lotions, and insect repellents according to the manufacturer's instructions when written permission from the child's parent is obtained and the original bottle has the expiration date and child's first and last name on it. Repellents, lotions, and diaper rash control products will be stored according to directions on the original container and so that they are inaccessible to children. Products will not be used after its expiration date.

First Aid, Emergency, and Safety Policies and Procedures

The child care facility has written policies governing emergencies, accidents, and injuries. Written records are kept about incidents, emergencies, accidents, and injuries that have occurred. All staff will have CPR and First Aid training, initial training on site specific emergency procedures, and in-service training surrounding health and safety topics periodically throughout the year.

A first aid kit is available in each room of the center and portable kits are available for when groups go off-site or outdoors. The first aid kits contain sterile bandages, band-aids, sterile compresses, scissors, ice packs,

thermometer, adhesive tape, and a first aid manual. Battery operated flashlights and portable radios are also available in case of emergency.

Diaper Changing Procedures (see page 21)

Sanitation Procedures and Practices for Food

The Cook County Child Care Center will ensure that meals and snacks are available throughout the day. Breakfast and lunch will each provide one-third of the child's daily nutritional needs and a snack is also provided throughout the day. Half day children will receive breakfast (in the AM) or snack (in the PM) and full-day children will receive breakfast, lunch, and a snack.

The food is prepared by the ISD 166 School District and delivered to the program site. We ensure that procedures for preparing, handling, and serving food, and washing food, utensils, and equipment comply with the requirements for food and beverage establishments in chapter 4626.

Food Temperatures

Potentially hazardous food shall be at a temperature of 41 degrees F or below when received. If a temperature other then 41 degrees F is specified in law governing its distribution, including laws governing milk, molluscan shellfish, and shell eggs, the food may be received at the specified temperature.

Food that is cooked to a temperature and received hot shall be at a temperature of 140 degrees F or above. A food that is labeled frozen and shipped frozen by a food processing plant shall be received frozen. Upon receipt, potentially hazardous food shall be free of evidence of previous temperature abuse.

Each room in the center has a refrigerator with a temperature 40 degrees or less for dairy products and other perishable foods. Tables, highchair trays, utensils and equipment used for meals are washed before and after each use.

Dietary Needs

Children's dietary needs are collected at the time of enrollment. If a child's dietary needs are not part of the menu plan a "special diet statement" form must be filled out and returned in order for us to provide substitutions. If a child has a food allergy, a notice must be posted in areas that food is prepared or served. All staff must be notified of any dietary needs or allergies for children in their care. The diet of an infant must be determined by the infant's parent and the parent must give written dietary instructions.

Preventing to and Responding to Allergies

Before admitting a child for care, documentation of any known allergy must be obtained from the child's parent or legal guardian or the child's sources of medical care. The license holder must develop an individual child care program plan, which includes a description of the allergy, specific triggers, avoidance techniques, symptoms of an allergic reaction, procedures for responding to an allergic reaction, including medication, dosages, and a doctor's contact information. At least once each calendar year or following any changes made to allergy-related information in the child's record, the license holder must update the child's individual child care program plan and inform each staff person who is responsible for carrying out the individual child care program plan of the change. The license holder must keep on site documentation that a staff person was informed of a change; and the license holder must contact the child's parent or legal guardian as soon as possible in any instance of exposure or allergic reaction that requires medication or medical intervention. The license holder must call emergency medical services when epinephrine is administered to a child in the license holder's care.

Feeding Infants

We ensure that sanitary procedures and practices are used to prepare, handle, and store formula, milk, breast milk, solid foods, and supplements. Each child's food and bottles will be labeled. The infant's feeding schedule will

be posted in the food preparation area and children will be offered formula or milk and nutritionally adequate solid foods in prescribed quantities at specified time intervals.

Providers will wash their hands before and after preparing or handling any bottles, food, or feeding utensils.

Breast Milk Policies

Breast Milk must be clearly labeled with the date the milk was expressed to facilitate using the oldest milk first. It must also be clearly labeled with the child's name. Fresh milk will not be added to already frozen milk within a storage container. Milk from a used bottle will be discarded and not used for another feeding. Breast milk will be thawed by transferring it to the refrigerator for thawing or by swirling in a bowl of warm water (microwaves will not be used to heat bottles of breast milk). Milk will not be refrozen once thawed. Storage duration of milk is as follows:

| Location | Temperature | Duration | Comments | |
|---|---|----------------|--|--|
| Countertop, table | Room temperature (up to 77°F or 25°C) | 6-8 hours | Containers should be covered and kept as cool as possible; covering the container with a cool towel may keep milk cooler. | |
| Insulated cooler bag | 5-39°F or -15-4°C | 24 hours | Keep ice packs in contact with milk containers at all times, limit opening cooler bag. | |
| Refrigerator | 39°F or 4°C | 5 days | Store milk in the back of the main body of the refrigerator. | |
| Freezer | | | | |
| Freezer compartment of a refrigerator | 5°F or -15°C | 2 weeks | Change with the county of the foreign where the county of the foreign with a county of the county of | |
| Freezer compartment of refrigerator with separate doors | 0°F or -18°C | 3-6 months | | |
| Chest or upright deep freezer | -4°F or -20°C | 6-12 months | | |

Formula Policies

Formula is stored according to manufacturer's instructions and bottles are prepared according to those instructions to ensure the right amount of water so the infant gets adequate calories and nutrients. Any formula that is not consumed during the feeding is discarded.

Bottle Feeding: General

Bottles must be labeled with the child's name. Bottles and nipples are cleaned thoroughly between each use. Babies are held when they are being fed a bottle (bottles are not propped up).

Feeding Infants Solid Foods

Baby food will be stored according to manufacturer's instructions and labeled. Children who are eating solid foods will be spoon-fed at the table and buckled securely in their chair. Rice cereals will be mixed according to instructions. All food will be fed out of a bowl with a clean spoon. Any food that is not eaten at the time of feeding will be discarded and the bowls and spoons will be washed between use.

If a child is eating solid foods that they are able to grasp independently and feed to self, the child will be allowed to feed self while seated and buckled at the table. Food will be cut into bite sized pieces. Children will be monitored carefully while eating to prevent choking. Any food that is not consumed at the time of the feeding will be discarded.

Drinking Water

Drinking water from a safe water supply is available to children throughout the hours of operation and offered at frequent intervals. Drinking water for children is provided in single service drinking cups or from drinking fountains accessible to children. If water bottles are used, they are washed daily.

Washing of Food, Food-Contact Surfaces, and Utensils

Raw fruits and vegetables shall be thoroughly washed in water to remove soil and other contaminants before being cut, combined with other ingredients, cooked, served, or offered for human consumption in ready-to-eat form except that whole, raw fruits and vegetables that are intended for washing by the consumer before consumption need not be washed before they are sold.

Equipment food-contact surfaces and utensils shall be sanitized. More specifically, they shall be cleaned before each use with a different type of raw animal food, including beef, fish, lamb, pork, or poultry. It shall be cleaned each time there is a change from working with raw foods to working with ready-to-eat foods. It shall be cleaned between uses with raw fruits or vegetables and with potentially hazardous food. It shall be cleaned before using or storing a food temperature measuring device. And, it shall be cleaned any time during the operation when contamination may have occurred. Equipment food-contact surfaces and utensils shall be cleaned throughout the day at least once every four hours.

Tables and high chair trays used to serve meals must be washed with soap and water before and after each use.

Serving Food

Food will be served 'family-style' in serving dishes. If staff need to touch food during the meal process, they will do so with a gloved hand. Each child will have their own individual set of clean utensils and tray or plate and cup. Children with clean hands will be allowed to dish their first scoop and then the provider will dish any seconds after that point to avoid contamination. Any serving spoon that is accidently put in a child's mouth will be removed immediately and a new serving utensil will be used. Beverages are served from an original container or bulk beverage dispenser.

Time only, rather than time in conjunction with temperature may be used as the public health control for a working supply of potentially hazardous food before cooking, or for ready-to-eat potentially hazardous food that is displayed or held for service for immediate consumption if the food is marked or otherwise identified with the time within which it shall be cooked, served, or discarded. When the food that is provided for service and consumption is removed from temperature control, the food is served or discarded within four hours and is not removed from the time control and returned for use at a later time. Food in unmarked containers or packages or for which the time expires are discarded.

Cleanliness, Condition of Equipment, and Maintenance

The indoor and outdoor space and equipment of the center is clean and is sanitized and inspected on a regular basis and logs of those inspections are on file at the center. Equipment and furniture is durable, in good repair, structurally sound and stable following assembly and installation. Equipment is free of sharp edges, dangerous protrusions, points where a child's extremities could be pinched or crushed, and openings or angles that could trap part of a child's body. Tables, chairs, and other furniture are appropriate to the age and size of children who use them. Toys and equipment that are likely to be mouthed by infants and toddlers are made of a material that can be disinfected. These are cleaned and disinfected when mouthed or soiled and at least daily.

Infant rattles meet the United States consumer product safety standards contained in the Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 1510.1 to 1510.4, as adopted on May 23, 1978. All toys and other articles intended for use by children under three years of age that present choking, aspiration, or ingestion hazards because of small parts meet the size standards in Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 1501.1 to 1501.5, as adopted on June 15, 1979.

The areas used by children are free from debris, loose flaking, peeling, or chipped paint, loose wallpaper, or crumbling plaster, litter, and holes in the walls, floors, and ceilings. Rugs have a nonskid backing or be firmly fastened to the floor and be free from tears, curled or frayed edges, and hazardous wrinkles.

Toilet/Diaper Facilities

Toilet rooms at the center are cleaned daily and when soiled. Our facility does not use toilet training chairs. The diaper changing area is in the bathroom, away from the food area, and has a hand sink equipped with hot and cold running water within three feet of the diaper changing surface. A smooth, nonabsorbent diaper changing surface and floor covering and a sanitary container for soiled and wet diapers, liquid hand soap, facial tissues, toilet paper, and paper towels are available. The center has and follows diaper changing procedures which are posted near the changing area.

- 1. Get Organized: Locate gloves, table cover, and the child's diapers, wipes, and cream (if the child uses). Parents provide everything but the gloves.
- 2. Put on your gloves and place a changing cover. Place the child on his or her back on the changing table and remove clothes (shirt can generally stay on, just make sure it's lifted up high enough that it doesn't come in contact with the messy diaper.
- 3. Unfold fresh diaper and place it under the infant. Unfasten the soiled diaper and leave it in place until all of its contents have been wiped away. Always wipe girls from front to back. For non-circumcised males, the foreskin should not be pulled back. Make sure you get in all of the babies folds.
- 4. Place dirty wipes inside soiled diaper as you pull the diaper out from underneath the baby. Fasten, and set aside out of reach of the baby. Apply diaper rash cream if available.) Fasten the new diaper
- 5. Put clothes back on the infant/toddler and wash the babies hands and your hands.
- 6. Throw away changing pad and sanitize the changing table.

Never every step away or leave a child of any age on the changing table unattended. If you forgot to grab something, ask for help or take the child off the table even if it's just for a moment.

Diaper changing area.

A diaper must be changed only in the diaper changing area. The diaper changing area must be separate from areas used for food storage, food preparation, and eating. The area must have a hand sink equipped with hot and cold running water within three feet of the diaper changing surface, a smooth nonabsorbent diaper changing surface and floor covering, and a sanitary container for soiled and wet diapers.

Hand Washing

Children's hands are washed with soap and water after a diaper change, use of a toilet, and before eating a meal or snack. Staff monitors hand washing and assist children that need help. Staff also washes their hands after changing a child's diaper, after using toilet facilities, and before handling or eating any food.

Hazardous Objects

Sharp objects, medicines, plastic bags, and poisonous plants and chemicals, including household supplies, are stored out of reach of children.

Pets

Parents will be informed at the time of admission that a pet is present in the classroom. If a pet is introduced to the classroom after the child has been admitted, the parents will be notified that a pet will be introduced

HEALTH CONSULTANT REVIEW NOTIFICATION

January 31, 2024

Department of Human Services Division of Licensing P.O. Box 64837 St. Paul, MN 55164-0837

To Whom It May Concern:

My name is Alison Schubitzke and I am the Health Consultant for the Cook County Child Care Center. My RN license number for the State of Minnesota is 2520943.

I have reviewed and approved the following health and safety policies and procedures for:

- Health requirements found in Minnesota Rules, part 9503.0140 (subparts 1 and 2)
- Safety policies and procedures required in part 9503.0110, subpart 3, items A, B, and C.
- Diapering procedures and practices
- Sanitation procedures and practices for food not prepared by or provided by the license holder as specified in part 9503.0145, subpart 3 and they are in compliance with the requirements for food and beverage establishments in chapter 4626 which includes procedures for hand washing, maintaining hot and cold food temperatures at safe levels, washing of food, utensils, and equipment, and serving food.

Sincerely,

Alison Schubitzke Health Consultant Cook County Child Care Center

Cook County Child Care Center

Health Consultant Review Form

| DATE | HEALTH CONSULTANT | CCCC STAFF PERSON(S) - please print | Health | Incidents |
|------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|-----------|
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MALTREATMENT OF MINORS MANDATED REPORTING POLICY FOR DHS LICENSED PROGRAMS

Who Should Report Child Abuse and Neglect

- Any person may voluntarily report abuse or neglect.
- If you work with children in a licensed facility, you are legally required or mandated to report and
 cannot shift the responsibility of reporting to your supervisor or to anyone else at your licensed
 facility. If you know or have reason to believe a child is being or has been neglected or physically
 or sexually abused within the preceding three years you must immediately (within 24 hours) make
 a report to an outside agency.

Where to Report

- If you know or suspect that a child is in immediate danger, call 911.
- Reports concerning suspected abuse or neglect of children occurring in a licensed child foster care or family child care facility should be made to county child protection services
- Reports concerning suspected abuse or neglect of children occurring in <u>all other facilities licensed</u> by the <u>Minnesota Department of Human Services</u> should be made to the Department of Human Services, Licensing Division's Maltreatment Intake line at (651) 431-6600.
- Reports regarding incidents of suspected abuse or neglect of children occurring within a family or
 in the community should be made to the local county social services agency at
 23.37.3620 or local law enforcement at 218.381.3030
- If your report does not involve possible abuse or neglect, but does involve possible violations of Minnesota Statutes or Rules that govern the facility, you should call the Department of Human Services Licensing Division at (651) 431-6500.

What to Report

- Definitions of maltreatment are contained in the Reporting of Maltreatment of Minors Act (Minnesota Statutes, section 626,556) and should be attached to this policy.
- A report to any of the above agencies should contain enough information to identify the child involved, any persons responsible for the abuse or neglect (if known), and the nature and extent of the maltreatment and/or possible licensing violations. For reports concerning suspected abuse or neglect occurring within a licensed facility, the report should include any actions taken by the facility in response to the incident.
- An oral report of suspected abuse or neglect made to one of the above agencies by a mandated reporter must be followed by a written report to the same agency within 72 hours, exclusive of weekends and holidays.

Failure to Report

A mandated reporter who knows or has reason to believe a child is or has been neglected or physically or sexually abused and fails to report is guilty of a misdemeanor. In addition, a mandated reporter who fails to report maltreatment that is found to be serious or recurring maltreatment may be disqualified from employment in positions allowing direct contact with persons receiving services from

> MN Department of Human Services Division of Licensing December 2016

programs licensed by the Department of Human Services and by the Minnesota Department of Health, and unlicensed Personal Care Provider Organizations.

Retaliation Prohibited

An employer of any mandated reporter shall not retaliate against the mandated reporter for reports made in good faith or against a child with respect to whom the report is made. The Reporting of Maltreatment of Minors Act contains specific provisions regarding civil actions that can be initiated by mandated reporters who believe that retaliation has occurred.

Internal Review

When the facility has reason to know that an internal or external report of alleged or suspected maltreatment has been made, the facility must complete an internal review within 30 calendar days and take corrective action, if necessary, to protect the health and safety of children in care. The internal review must include an evaluation of whether:

- (i) related policies and procedures were followed;
- (ii) the policies and procedures were adequate;
- (iii) there is a need for additional staff training;
- (iv) the reported event is similar to past events with the children or the services involved; and
- (v) there is a need for corrective action by the license holder to protect the health and safety of children in care.

Primary and Secondary Person or Position to Ensure Internal Reviews are Completed

The internal review will be completed by Childcare Difector (name or position). If this individual is involved in the alleged or suspected maltreatment, Executive Director (name or position) will be responsible for completing the internal review.

Documentation of the Internal Review

The facility must document completion of the internal review and make internal reviews accessible to the commissioner immediately upon the commissioner's request.

Corrective Action Plan

Based on the results of the internal review, the license holder must develop, document, and implement a corrective action plan designed to correct current lapses and prevent future lapses in performance by individuals or the license holder, if any.

Staff Training

The license holder must provide training to all staff related to the mandated reporting responsibilities as specified in the Reporting of Maltreatment of Minors Act (Minnesota Statutes, section 626.556). The license holder must document the provision of this training in individual personnel records, monitor implementation by staff, and ensure that the policy is readily accessible to staff, as specified under Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.04, subdivision 14.

MN Department of Human Services Division of Licensing Decamber 2016

Cook County Child Care Center Risk Reduction Plan

Program Name: Cook County Childcare Center

License #: 1088047

Child care centers must develop a risk reduction plan that identifies the general risks to children served by the child care center. The license holder must establish specific policies and procedures or refer to existing policies and procedures that minimize identified risks, train staff on the procedures, and annually review the procedures. [Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.66, subdivision 2]

1. Physical Plant. Identify specific risks to children based on an assessment of the physical plant where licensed services are provided. The assessment must include an evaluation of the required factors listed below in column 1. Write each identified risk in column 2; insert additional lines as needed. In column 3, write specific policies and procedures you have developed and implemented to minimize each risk,

or in column 4, reference existing policies and procedures that minimize each risk.

| <u> </u> | | policies and procedures that ini | minize eden risk. |
|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Physical plant | Identified risks | Policies and procedures | Existing policies and |
| factors | | developed and implemented | procedures that minimize |
| required to be | | to minimize the risks | the risks |
| assessed | | | |
| Condition and | The outdoor play area is | | All children will be |
| design of the | located near the parking | | supervised closely to |
| facility | lot. In order for children to | | ensure that no one gets |
| | access the area, they must | | near a car. When children |
| | walk in a line holding a | | are exiting the building to |
| | rope/ hands or ride in | | use the outdoor play space |
| | stroller or wagon while | | or go on a walk, they are |
| | teachers continually watch | | watched closely by the |
| | their class. | | staff members to ensure |
| | | | their safety. <i>Staff</i> |
| | The facility is shared with a | | members will not use |
| | school and YMCA. | | electronic devices such as |
| | | | cellular phones, ipads, or |
| | | | computers while |
| | | | supervising children |
| | | | around the higher risk |
| | | | areas such as parking lots, |
| | | | roads, and water. Regular |
| | | | maintenance will be done |
| | | | on the facility and the |
| | | | outdoor play space to |
| | | | maintain appropriate |
| | | | operating conditions. Daily |
| | | | safety checks are done |
| | | | both indoors and outdoors |

| | | at least once a day to ensure all materials are in good working condition. Signage will be posted when daycare will be using certain areas of the facility and who/when access is allowed for other individuals. Anyone entering the school or the Y will go through a secure check-in process. |
|------------------|---|--|
| Fenced Play area | Classroom emergency backpack is hung on the outside of the fence, so children do not have access to the bag. The emergency bag will include cell phone, a first aid kit, roster, emergency telephone numbers, ICCP forms (and accompanying emergency medication), sunscreen/bugspray (and approval list), incident report form, and separation forms. | Children are supervised at all times while using the play area. When the children are walking from the building to the play area, the staff members are watching them closely at all times to ensure their safety. While children are using the play area, the staff is constantly walking around making sure all children are safe and always within sight and sound. Staff members are always checking to ensure all equipment is in working order, all toys are safe, and there are no hazards on the ground or in the area. Any broken equipment or hazards will be repaired or removed immediately. Children should stay off of the fence. Toy box lids should only be opened and closed by staff members. Children are not allowed to climb into them or on top of them. Classroom emergency backpack is hung on the outside of the fence, so children do not have access to the bag. No more than 10 children will be in the play yard. |

| 1 | T | , |
|---------------------|---|---|
| | | When one staff member is present, the staff member must keep the children in the fenced in area. If two staff are present one may take a small group to the swings or on riding toys on the sidewalk area in front of the YMCA. Additional temporary fencing will be installed to create barriers for children so they do not have access to the parking lot. |
| Protection from Sun | | Canopies will be used to give the children some shade in our play area. |
| | | Sunscreen will be applied to each child on the "sunscreen list" before going outside. A list of children who have written permission from his/her parent is stored in each classroom. Sunscreen will be applied to their face and arms/legs if exposed. If the child removes their jacket, then sunscreen needs to be applied to their arms. If the children are going to the park or on a field trip, they will need to have it re-applied, if longer than two hours. Staff encourages parents/guardians to provide sun hats for their children. |
| Weather Safety | | If ISD 166 is closed due to ice storms, blizzards, flooding, etc. The Cook County Child Care Center may close. |
| | | Based on the temperature and humidity, the classrooms will adapt their schedule for the day. Common sense will be |

used for rain, snow, and stormy weather. Proper clothing will be used on the children and water readily available on hot days. If it is over 90 degrees, the children should only be outside for 30 minutes. If it is below zero, with or without wind chill, the children will not play outside. The infants and toddlers Diaper lotions and creams Diaper lotions and creams have their own bathroom are labeled with child's first are labeled with child's and the preschoolers share and last name and are stored first and last name and are their bathroom with schoolin the classroom. Parental stored in the classroom. age youth during the school consent forms for Parental consent forms for year. administration of diaper administration of diaper lotions are kept on file for lotions are kept in each each child. child's cubby. Children are supervised when they use the toilet and wash their hands. In the Infant room their wipes and diaper lotions are kept in the bathroom near the diaper changing table. In the Toddler room the diapers and wipes are kept in the classroom above the changing table. The Preschool wipes and diaper lotions are kept in bins under the changing table.

| Physical plant | Identified risks | Procedures developed and | Existing policies and |
|----------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| factors | | implemented to minimize | procedures that minimize |
| required to be | | the risks | the risks |
| assessed | | | |

| Storage areas | We have several storage | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| - | areas | | All storage areas will be blocked off to children with dividers, doors or locked cabinets. |
| | Storage Items in the classroom. | | Storage closets containing cleaning chemicals remain locked. |
| | | | Heavy items are not to be put on top of shelving in the reach of the children in case they pull it off onto |
| | | | themselves or others. (example – box of books, box of blocks, basket of blankets, etc.) |
| | | | Cracked or broken storage totes are removed and replaced. |
| Accessibility of medications and cleaning products | Medications and Cleaning supplies | Sunscreen and bug spray is stowed on an upper shelf, out of reach of children | Medications will be kept on an upper shelf in a cabinet and refrigerators will be locked. Cleaning products will be |
| | | | kept up high out-of-reach of children or in locked cabinets or locked closets. |
| | | | Hand sanitizer and sunscreen is stowed in upper shelf, out of reach of children. |
| Areas that are difficult to supervise | Areas located in the center that is difficult to supervise are in the toddler room by the climbing structure and in | | Areas difficult to supervise will be watched closely. In the toddler room, staff members will position |
| | the kitchen/bathroom. And in the hallway from the preschool room to the bathroom. | | themselves so that all children can be supervised at all times. Staff will make sure that the black |
| | | | doors into the school/Y remain closed at all times. |

2Environment. Identify specific risks to children based on an assessment of the environment for each facility. The assessment must include an evaluation of the required factors listed below in column 1. Write each identified risk in column 2; insert additional lines as needed.

In column 3, write specific policies and procedures you have developed and implemented to minimize each risk, <u>or</u> in column 4, reference existing policies and procedures that minimize each risk.

| Environmental factors required | Identified risks | Policies and procedures developed and implemented | Existing policies and procedures that minimize |
|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| to be assessed | | to minimize the risks | the risks |
| Type of grounds and terrain surrounding the building | Drain pond | | All children will be supervised closely to ensure that no one gets near the pond. When children are exiting the building to use the outdoor play space or go on a walk, they are watched closely by the staff members to ensure their safety. |
| Proximity to hazards and busy roads | Parking lot and busy road nearby | | To prevent pedestrian accidents , Children will hold hands/hold a ring on a rope or ride in a stroller or wagon when walking outdoors near parking lots/roads. Try to walk in smaller groups depending on how many staff available. |

Additional risk of harm factors to children. In addition to any program-specific risks identified under the physical plant and environment assessments, the risk reduction plan must address the risks identified below in column 1. In column 2, write specific policies and procedures you have developed and implemented to minimize each risk, <u>or</u> in column 3, reference existing policies and procedures that minimize each risk.

| Identified risks | Policies and procedures developed and implemented to minimize the risk | Existing policies and procedures that minimize the risk |
|--|---|---|
| Closing children's fingers in doors, including cabinet doors | Many doors located in the center are kept closed in order to avoid finger pinching. Children and parents are reminded that at "opening doors is a teacher or grown-up job". When children are congregated by a door, staff will be in charge of operating the door and will pay close attention to each child's | Parent Policy - DOORS - We want to prevent children from getting their fingers pinched in the doors. We ask that you open and close the doors for your children in our center. Always look through windows before opening any door and look behind you before closing any doors. Please remind your child(ren) that "opening doors is a teacher or grown-up |

| | whereabouts, especially being careful not to bump heads or pinch fingers or feet in the door. Lower cabinet doors in areas when children play will be locked so that they do not pinch their fingers. All volunteers and staff are trained to watch all directions when opening or closing a door. | Many doors located in the center are kept closed in order to avoid finger pinching. Children and parents are reminded that at "opening doors is a teacher or grown-up job". When children are congregated by a door, staff will be in charge of operating the door and will pay close attention to each child's whereabouts. Lower cabinet doors in areas when children play will be locked so that they do not pinch their fingers. All volunteers are trained to watch all directions when opening or closing a door. |
|---|--|---|
| Leaving children in the community without supervision | Staff will do head counts and face counts frequently, and do roll call to ensure every child is in attendance. | When children are out in the community, staff will pair the children up so they are with an adult. This will help to make sure everyone is with their partner at all times. Staff will also do head counts frequently, and do roll call to ensure every child is in attendance. |
| Children leaving the facility without supervision | | Staff will supervise all areas by doors, especially by the exits. Children will also be taught that the doors are not for play and only the staff should operate them unless otherwise specified by an adult. |
| Caregiver dislocation of children's elbows | | When picking up a child, staff will lift children under the shoulders or on the sides of their body. Children should never be picked up or swung by the arms or wrists/hands. |
| Burns from hot food or beverages, whether served to children or being consumed by caregivers, and the devices used to warm food and beverages | | Any hot food served to the children will be cooled to an appropriate temperature on their plates or bowls. Containers that arrive hot from the kitchen will be kept away from the children when plates are being dished up. Hot food will be transferred into other serving dishes to keep the |

| | T | children safe when needed |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| | | |
| | | Staff will not have hot |
| | | beverages in the classrooms, |
| | | no matter what kind of |
| | | <u>container.</u> Hot food/beverages |
| | | consumed by staff will be kept in |
| | | the office/kitchen area on the |
| | | counter pushed as far back as |
| | | possible so the children are not |
| | | able to reach it. Never leave your |
| | | hot food or beverage unattended. |
| Injuries from equipment, such as | | Glue guns are not allowed to be |
| scissors and glue guns | | used in the classrooms. Adult |
| Soldson and grac gand | | scissors are not to be in reach of |
| | | the children or left on |
| | | tables/counters. They need to be |
| | | stored in an upper cabinet. |
| | | Children will be supervised when |
| | | using kid-safe scissors. |
| Sunburn and Dehydration | | Water is available to children at |
| | | all times. If going on a field trip, a |
| | | jug of water and paper cups are |
| | | brought with. |
| | | Sunscreen will be applied to each |
| | | child on the "sunscreen list" |
| | | before going outside. A list of |
| | | children who have written |
| | | permission from his/her parent is |
| | | posted in each classroom. |
| | | Sunscreen will be applied to their |
| | | face and arms/legs if exposed. If |
| | | the child removes their jacket, |
| | | then sunscreen needs to be |
| | | applied to their arms. If the |
| | | children are going on a field trip, |
| | | they will need to have it re- |
| Feeding children foods to which | Parents are required to submit | applied, if longer than two hours. Parents are required to submit all |
| they are allergic | all enrollment paperwork prior | enrollment paperwork prior to |
| ancy are anergic | to each child's first day. Any | each child's first day. Any |
| | allergies must be indicated on | allergies must be indicated on the |
| | the forms and verbal | forms and verbal communication |
| | communication of the allergy is | of the allergy is encouraged. All |
| | encouraged. All staff will be | staff will be informed of the |
| | informed of the allergy and will | allergy, and signs will be posted |
| | sign off on the ICCP, and signs | in every room in which the child |
| | will be posted in the area where | uses. |
| | food is served. | |
| Children falling from changing | | When staff is changing children, |
| tables | | one hand must be kept on the |

| | child at all times. Staff will never leave a child alone on a changing table for any reason. |
|--|---|
| Children accessing dangerous items or chemicals or coming into contact with residue from harmful cleaning products | All chemicals and cleaning materials will be kept in locked cabinets, closets, or out of children's reach. Staff will ensure all areas are dry and safe for children to use when chemicals have been recently used. |
| | Staff use store bought Bubble Solution for bubbles (as oppose to making own solution with a dish soap and water) |

- **2.** Accessibility of hazardous items. The accessibility of hazardous items to children is prohibited at all times when children are present.
- **3. Policies and procedures to ensure adequate supervision of children.** The risk reduction plan must include specific policies and procedures to ensure adequate supervision of children at all times as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.02, subdivision 18. The policies and procedures must include particular emphasis on the areas identified below in column 1. In column 2, write specific policies and procedures developed and implemented to ensure children will be adequately supervised at all times.

| Required areas to be addressed regarding supervision of children | Policies and procedures developed and implemented to ensure adequate supervision of children |
|---|---|
| Times when children are transitioned from one area within the facility to another | Children will hold a loop on a walking rope, or ride safely in a wagon/stroller, when transitioning to activities out of the classroom (outside, gym, etc) Staff members should keep constant watch of all children as they transition. Staff will count how many children they have before they leave one area, while they are moving to the new area, and once they get to their destination. When alone, a single provider will be in the front of the group walking in a such a way that they can see all children and ensure nobody runs ahead, nobody falls behind, and is in sight around corners of buildings, etc. Also when staff is dividing a group up into smaller groups one staff member will say to the other staff member I have: (and name each child) so both staff members know who is watching which children. |
| Nap-time supervision, including infant crib rooms, as specified under Minnesota Statutes, section | <u>Infants</u> - Our cribs are kept in the adjacent nursery and in sight of staff. |

| 2454 02 | Taddlana Cata and in the 12 |
|---|--|
| 245A.02, subdivision 18, which requires that when an infant is placed in a crib to sleep, supervision occurs when a staff person is within sight or hearing of the infant. When supervision of a crib room is provided by sight or hearing, the center must have a plan to address the other supervision component. | Toddlers – Cots are in the adjacent nursery and in sight of staff. Preschoolers- Cots are in the classroom and a staff member is always present during naptime. |
| Child drop-off and pick-up times | When a parent drops off or picks up in the classroom, the parent needs to enter the classroom and safely shut the door before the staff member and parent begin to communicate. When a parent arrives to pick-up their child and the children are outside in the play area, the parent is invited in through the gate and the gate is latched. Then the staff member and parent can safely communicate. |
| Supervision during outdoor play and on community activities, including but not limited to field trips. | Children are supervised at all times when outdoors on-site or off-site to ensure the safety of the children. Outside or in public, children will hold the hand of an adult, hold the hand of a buddy, or safely ride in a wagon/stroller. Staff will not use hand-held devices such as phones, lap tops, computers, etc while supervising children in high risk areas outdoors such as parking lots, roads, and water. |
| Supervision of children in hallways | Children will not be left alone in hallways. When walking in the hallways, children will walk in a line with one teacher in the front and one in the back or will walk in small groups and adults will supervise and do head/face counts. If only one teacher is present, the teacher will lead from the front and ensure nobody falls behind. |
| Security door between the Y and school | A door separates the school and the Y. The door is controlled by a key fob. Approved staff and parents of children in the daycare program are issued key fobs that are active only during the appropriate times of day. Anyone entering the YMCA facility will go through a secure check-in process for members and guests. Anyone entering the school will go through a secure check-in process in the school office. The daycares are alarmed with a bell to go off when the doors are opened so we can monitor who is coming and going and ensure the people entering the room have approval. |
| During preschool swimming time | A Red Cross certified lifeguard will be on duty at all times that the children are swimming. When times that a lifeguard is not on duty, the pool area is locked. When the daycare group goes swimming, they use the family changing area. At least 2 staff are with the group at all times when around water. All children will wear a coast guard approved life jacket. Life jackets are put on in the locker room area prior to entering the pool area. The life jackets must stay on at all times the child is in the pool area |

| | and they may be removed for showering once the child re-enters the locker room area. A certified pool operator is on site and chemicals are tested daily to ensure safety and quality of pool water. Children only swim in the zero depth entry section and are not permitted into the deep end of the pool or the hot tub. |
|--|--|
| During gym time | Gym time is reserved daily for the children in the daycare program. During gym time, if other members are utilizing the gym, the divider curtain will be lowered and all children and providers will stay together on ½ of the gym. Providers will position themselves strategically so that all children are in view at all times. Staff will continue to maintain the ratios and group size and will perform regular head and face counts of the children on their roster to ensure everyone is accounted for at all times. Staff will refrain from personal distraction or conversations and keep their focus and attention on safe supervision practices. Pay close attention to exits and the divider that separates the gym to ensure all children remain in designated areas. |
| Nearby playground We use the ISD 166 Elementary Playground (area rated for 3-5 year-olds) and the Community Center Playground adjacent to the tennis courts (rated for 0-5). We also play outdoors in the fenced area in front of the Y. | Staff will position themselves strategically so all children stay within eye-sight and ear-shot. When children use slides, they will slide on their bottom and feet first. They will be taught to have 3 points of contact when climbing. When on swings, children will stay seated on their bottoms. Children will only be allowed to play on equipment that they are able to use independently (providers will not pick them up and put them on equipment, except for swings). Children will play only in the areas designated for their age groups. Children will not be permitted to play at the skate park near the playground. |
| Toddler Room Vestibule | When getting children ready to go outside in the vestibule, the teacher must position themselves between the door and the children to prevent children from opening the door independently. Stop signs saying "STOP – Parent/Teacher Job" were added to exterior doors to encourage messaging to children that a grown up must be the only one to open a door. |
| Toddler/PreK Room Separation in shared bathroom | A child safety gate will be in place and latched between the toddler and preschool sides of the bathrooms to prevent children from passing through the rooms. |

Date risk reduction plan was initially completed: June 25, 2017

- **4. Orientation to the risk reduction plan.** The license holder shall ensure that all mandated reporters, as defined in section 626.556, subdivision 3, who are under the control of the license holder, receive an orientation to the risk reduction plan prior to first providing unsupervised direct contact services, as defined in section 245C.02, subdivision 11, to children, not to exceed 14 days from the first supervised direct contact, and annually thereafter. Documentation of orientation to the risk reduction plan must be documented in each mandated reporter's personnel record. [MN Statutes, section 245A.66, subdivision 3]
- **5.** Annual review of the risk reduction plan.

Program Name: Cook County Child Care Center License #: 1088047

The license holder must review the risk reduction plan annually. When conducting the review, the license holder must consider incidents that have occurred in the center since the last review, including:

- (1) A review of the assessment factors in the plan:
- (2) A review of the internal reviews conducted under Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.66, subdivision 1, if any:
- (3) A review of substantiated maltreatment findings, if any:
- (4) A review of incidents that caused injury or harm to a child since the last review, if any:

Based on the annual review, what changes were made to the risk reduction plan?

See changes in red.

Name and title of person completing annual review: Emily Marshall

Date of annual review: May 19, 2022 | April 10, 2023 | February 1, 2024 | April 10, 2024

Following any change to the risk reduction plan, the license holder must inform mandated reporters, under the control of the license holder, of the changes in the risk reduction plan. The annual review of the risk reduction plan or changes in the plan must be documented in the center's administrative records.

Child Care Program Plan

This program plan is developed and evaluated in writing annually by our teachers. The program plan is available to parents upon request.

<u>MISSION STATEMENT</u> "Cook County Childcare Center seeks to strengthen families and the community by integrating family support, parent education and enriched childcare services."

GENERAL INFORMATION - Children will be supervised at all times by qualified staff members. Activities in their daily schedule will be consistent with their cultural background. Children will exercise their bodies by playing outdoors, playing in the gym, swimming and/or going on a walk on a daily basis. They will have a variety of quiet and active activities each day. Some parts of the day will be teacher directed and others will be child initiated. Our curriculum generated lesson plans will provide a variety of materials and equipment.

CAPACITY - The classrooms are licensed to care for:

8 infants – ages 6 weeks – 16 months

14 toddlers - ages 16-33 months

20 preschoolers – ages 33 months up to Kindergarten

<u>HOURS OF OPERATION</u> – We are open Monday through Friday. We are licensed from 7:45am-4:15pm.

General Education Methods

Teachers at the Cook County Child Care Center utilize *High Scope Curriculum* to cultivate lesson plans that promote the use of interest areas to promote learning experiences in all developmental areas. We do not utilize television as a learning method in our childcare facilities.

This curriculum is assessed by COR Advantage, which is an ongoing comprehensive assessment tool. It will help to document the development level of each child. They will be used to help plan lesson plans and conveyed in bi-annual parent/teacher conferences. The assessments will be documented in child's record.

Infant Program Plan

See attached Parent Handbook for classroom schedules

Cook County Child Care Center recognizes that infancy is a crucial time for learning in a child's life and sets the stage for future learning and relationships. We understand that the most important job a child has at this stage in life is to build healthy, secure attachments with caregivers, and staff interactions will always seek to promote attachment. The daily interactions that staff members have with infants are designed to promote developmental growth in all areas, including fine and gross motor, active and passive language skills, cognitive skills, and social/emotional skills. Little Treasures staff members follow daily schedules that are very flexible according to each infant's needs for that particular day. The following activities are offered daily to children:

Fine Motor Activities: small blocks, rattles, shape sorters, and eating utensils Gross Motor Activities: playing with balls, tunnels, riding toys, tumbling on mats, large foam blocks, rocking boat, baskets/boxes

Cognitive Activities: puzzles, pop-up toys, stacking rings/cups, shaker bottles

Intellectual Activities: looking at hard cover and cloth books for children to explore, both on their own and with staff reading to them, puppet play, nursery rhymes, and keeping up a "running dialogue" with infants during the day and on walks

Quiet and Active Activities: reading books, cuddling, sensory items.

Infants are changed on a two-hour schedule or sooner if needed.

Infants who are not yet mobile receive a chance for "tummy time" every day.

Toddler/Preschool Program Plan

See attached Parent Handbook for classroom schedules.

Fine Motor Activities: blocks, musical instruments, peg boards, trucks and eating utensils, lacing, stickers.

Gross Motor Activities: playing with balls, tunnels, riding toys and tumbling on mats.

Cognitive Activities: puzzles, symbolic play and open-ended toys, puppet play.

Social-Emotional Activities: self-awareness of feelings, rules and limits, self-care materials, and promoting positive relationships.

Intellectual Activities: looking at hard cover books for children to explore, both on their own and with staff reading to them, puppet play, nursery rhymes, counting, and keeping up a "running dialogue" with toddlers during the day and on walks.

Quiet and Active Activities: reading books, puzzles and sensory table.

Preschool Program Plan

See attached Parent Handbook for classroom schedules

Fine Motor Activities: blocks, musical instruments, play dough, connecting toys, painting and eating utensils, legos, magnatiles.

Gross Motor Activities: running, jumping, playing with balls, tunnels, riding toys and tumbling on mats.

Cognitive Activities: puzzles, verbal games, board/card games, symbolic play and open-ended toys.

Social-Emotional Activities: working in groups, rules and limits, self-awareness of behavior, and promoting positive relationships.

Intellectual Activities: looking at hard cover books for children to explore, both on their own and with staff reading to them, puppet play, nursery rhymes, letter structure, letter sound, letter formations, identifying shapes, learning/identifying numbers, and counting.

Quiet and Active Activities: reading books, manipulatives, glitter bottles, puzzles, chenille stem activities and sensory table.

OBJECTIVES

<u>ENHANCED CHILDCARE SERVICES</u> - Our children will: develop strong relationships with responsive adults, meet developmental milestones (cognitive, physical, social and emotional), gain the skills needed to be ready for Kindergarten, be in a safe and healthy environment, be allowed to be

curious and explore their world, play outside to develop their gross motor skills, benefit from nutrition and health services, and gain the ability to regulate a full range of emotions. The development of our children will be accessed by COR Advantage, which will showcase their developmental milestones.

<u>FAMILY SUPPORT SERVICES</u> - Our parents will: develop strong relationships with responsive adults to reduce isolation, develop secure and healthy relationships with their children, learn coping strategies to help them become healthy and self-sufficient, be connected to needed services for themselves and their families, be able to concentrate on their job or schooling because they trust our caregivers, be involved in their child's education therefore increasing their child's success in school, increase their knowledge of child development, improve their parenting skills, and protect their children by reducing neglect and abuse.

STAFF DEVELOPMENT - Our staff members will: develop strong relationships with the children in their classrooms, build connections with parents, develop a team approach for responsive caregiving, establish clear communication with other staff members and supervisors, adapt classroom environments to meet the changing needs of young children, utilize High Scope Curriculum in lesson planning, participate in Reflective Practice when possible, apply learned concepts from trainings to their position or classroom, actively participate in team meetings, keep all required classes up-to-date, and supervise and involve volunteers in the classroom. Teachers will complete COR Advantage Assessment Profiles on each child. They will use them in lesson planning and bi-annual parent/teacher conferences.

CONFERENCES/PARENT COMMUNICATION

Parent/Teacher conferences will be held two times per year. The child's progress (intellectual, physical, social, and emotional) will be documented and shared with the parent/guardian.

Nap and Rest Policy

- 1. Infants nap according to their own internal clocks and are never forced into sleeping. Toddlers and Preschoolers will have quiet rest time after lunch.
- 2. Confinement limitation: A child who has completed a nap or rested quietly for **30 minutes** is never required to remain on a cot or in a crib or bed.
- 3. Placement of equipment: Naps and rest are provided in a quiet area that is physically separated from children who are engaged in an activity that will disrupt a napping or resting child. Cribs, cots, and beds must be placed so there are clear aisles and unimpeded access for both adults and children on at least one side of each piece of napping and resting equipment. Cribs, cots, and beds must be placed directly on the floor and must not be stacked when in use.
- 4. Bedding: separate bedding must be provided for each child in care. Bedding must be washed weekly and when soiled or wet. Blankets must be washed or dry cleaned weekly and when soiled or wet.
- 5. Crib Standard: A crib must be provided for each infant for which the center is licensed to provide care. The equipment must be of safe and sturdy construction that conforms to federal crib standards under Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, part 1219 for full-sized baby cribs, or part 1220 for non-full-size baby cribs. See Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.146, for additional crib safety standards including routine crib inspection requirements.
- 6. Reduction of risk of sudden unexpected infant death: Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.1435, the license holder must place each infant to sleep on the infant's back, unless the license holder has documentation from the infant's physician directing an alternative

- sleeping position for the infant. The physician directive must be on a form approved by the commissioner Physician's Directive for Infant Sleep Position form and must remain on file at the licensed location. An infant who independently rolls onto its stomach after being placed to sleep on its back may be allowed to remain sleeping on its stomach if the infant is at least six months of age or the license holder has a signed statement from the parent indicating that the infant regularly rolls over at home. Parents of infants will be given a form titled "Infant Less than Six Months of Age Regularly Rolling Over" that must be on file to meet this requirement.
- 7. The license holder must place each infant in a crib on a firm mattress with a fitted sheet that is appropriate to the mattress size that fits tightly on the mattress, and overlaps the underside of the mattress so it cannot be dislodged by pulling on the corner of the sheet with reasonable effort. The license holder must not place anything in the crib with the infant except for the infant's pacifier (and nothing may be attached to the pacifier) as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 15, part 1511. These requirements apply for children up to one year of age. Pacifiers must be labeled with the child's name or other individual identifier, but the label must be in good condition and securely adhered to the pacifier. There are different ways centers may label pacifiers. For example, centers may label the pacifier directly with the child's first and last name or may create a chart or system with numbers, colors, or the child's initials to label and match pacifiers with the appropriate child.
- 8. License holder may not place infants under one year of age down to sleep wearing clothing or sleepwear that has weighted materials, a hood, or a bib.
- 9. If a swaddle is used, it must be wrapped over the infant's arms, fastened securely across the infant's upper torso, and not constrict the infant's hips or legs. Like other clothing or sleepwear, a swaddle cannot have weighted materials, a hood, or a bib. Placing a swaddled infant down to sleep in a licensed setting is not recommended for an infant of any age and is prohibited for any infant who has begun to roll over independently. However, with the written consent of a parent or guardian according to this paragraph, a license holder may place the infant who has not yet begun to roll over on its own down to sleep in a one-piece sleeper equipped with an attached system that fastens

securely only across the upper torso, with no constriction of the hips or legs, to create a swaddle. Prior to any use of swaddling for sleep by a provider licensed under this chapter, the license holder must obtain informed written consent for the use of swaddling from the parent or guardian of the infant on a form approved by the commissioner Parent Consent for Swaddling and prepared in partnership with the Minnesota Sudden Infant Death Center.

- 10. If an infant under one year of age requires a helmet for their development and would wear it while being placed down to sleep, centers must use the DHS form to obtain signed documentation from a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, licensed occupational therapist, or licensed physical therapist.
- 11. If a parent or guardian requests the use of a cradleboard for a cultural accommodation, centers may request a variance to Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.1435. If a variance is granted, the license holder must check the cradleboard not less than monthly to ensure it is structurally sound and there are no loose or protruding parts and maintain written documentation of this review.
- 12. If an infant falls asleep before being placed in a crib, the license holder must move the infant to a crib as soon as practicable and must keep the infant within sight of the license holder until the infant is placed in a crib. When an infant falls asleep while being held, the license holder must consider the supervision needs of other children in care when determining how long to hold the infant before placing the infant in a crib to sleep. The sleeping infant must not be in a position where the airway may be blocked or with anything covering the infant's face.

Drug and Alcohol Policy

- No one serving clients at the Cook County Child Care Center is to be under the influence of a chemical that impairs the individual's ability to provide care, including prescription medication.
 Staff persons prescribed medication by a doctor that impairs brain function must report it immediately to the director to determine if it is safe for the staff person to care for children and clients at the center.
- 2. Drug or alcohol use is strictly prohibited by any person on the YMCA premises, including employees, subcontractors, and volunteers.
- 3. No one serving clients of the Cook County Child Care Center is to be under the influence of drugs or alcohol at any time while on the premises.
- 4. Disregarding the Drug and Alcohol Policy is cause for immediate consequence, up to and including termination.
- 5. Staff persons are trained on the Drug and Alcohol Policy upon hire. Documentation of staff training on the drug and alcohol policy is kept in each staff person's personnel record.

Cook County Child Care Center Parent Policies

Mission Statement: "Cook County Child Care Center seeks to strengthen families and the community by integrating family support, parent education and enriched childcare services."

Licensing: We provide enhanced childcare for children ages 6 weeks to the first day of kindergarten. We are licensed through the State of Minnesota Department of Human Services, Child Care Licensing (651-431-6500). We are licensed to serve up to 42 children (8 infants, 14 toddlers, and 20 preschoolers). Our hours are Monday through Friday 7:45 a.m. – 4:15 p.m. We accommodate both part-time and full-time schedules for families.

Child Care Program Plan: You can request a copy from your child's teacher or from our office staff.

Philosophical basis: Cook County Child Care Center operates under the knowledge that each parent is the expert on his or her child. With that in mind, we want to partner with you in providing care for your child and to ensure that it is in a manner acceptable to you. To this end, please inform staff whenever you have a question, concern, comment, or request pertaining to your child's time here. We welcome input from parents and will make every effort to accommodate your wishes and/or explain our rationale behind a particular policy. We use the method of "redirection" to navigate children, as individuals or groups, away from problems toward constructive activity to reduce conflict. Please refer to our Behavior Guidance Policies for

in-depth explanations of the methods we use when working with the children.

Safety & Courtesy:

DOORS - We want to prevent children from getting their fingers pinched in the doors. We ask that you open and close the doors for your children in our center. Always look through windows before opening any door and look behind you before closing any doors. Please remind your child(ren) that

"At Cook County Child Care Center, grown-ups open doors."

Outdoors: We play outdoors as much as possible as the fresh air and exercise is so important for all of us! Please bring appropriate outdoor clothing for your children and <u>put their names on them</u>. Talk to the Director if you need assistance with clothing items.

Holidays: We are licensed to be open Monday through Friday 7:45 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. We are closed the following holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Easter, Thanksgiving Day, Friday after Thanksgiving, Christmas Eve, and Christmas Day. When one of the listed holidays falls on a Saturday, the preceding day shall be a holiday. When the holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be a holiday. Families are still charged for days that we are closed.

Billing: You must pay fees weekly on Fridays by checking account or credit card. The Y will schedule your payments to be automatically withdrawn It is your responsibility to change your billing methods if your card expires.

Pick-up: Please pick up your child at the time you are scheduled to pick up as we plan staffing according to the children's schedules. Please call if you will be late picking up your child. If you don't pick up your child at the arranged time and we have not heard from you by **5:15** p.m. and we cannot reach your emergency numbers, we will call the police to come for your child. Please make sure both your **phone numbers and your emergency contact numbers are kept up-to-date** and notify us immediately of any phone number/address changes. It is extremely important in the case of an emergency situation involving your child that we have a fast, reliable way of reaching you, so let us know of the most effective way to get ahold of you when necessary (cell vs. work phone, for example, or Grandparents' or neighbors' numbers).

Visiting: Families of enrolled children are welcome to visit or call at any time! If you ever have concerns or questions about something at our program, we encourage you to discuss it with us.

Enhanced Programs: We provide enhanced programming to support families. We offer referrals for parents to needed resources, assist parents in acquiring basic needs assistance, and advocate for parents when needed. Children are cared for in a warm, loving and educational environment that includes qualified teachers, assistant teachers, and aides. We provide quality, individualized attention for each child. We make every effort to work with parents and children who have special needs. Please talk to someone in the office if you have any needs, concerns, or questions regarding your child or otherwise—we are here to help!

Health: All children must have an updated immunization record and health care summary on file. The Health Care Summary is due within 30 days of enrollment and an immunization record is due at the time of enrollment. We have a nurse who reviews all of the children's health records for accuracy, looks to ensure that each child's immunization records and health care summary are current, and assists us in developing individual health-care plans when necessary. In the event that a child's health care summary or immunization records are not up-to-date, that child may not be allowed to return until the necessary paperwork is received.

Accident Reports: We make every effort and precaution to keep all children safe while they are at Cook County Child Care Center. However, in the course of a day of playing and having fun, children sometimes get injured. If this happens staff will call you immediately if the injury seems to require medical attention. Otherwise, staff will complete an Accident Report that details what happened, where it happened, and how the injury was treated and will provide parents with written notification that the incident occurred. You may follow up at any time with questions/concerns.

Medication: We can administer medication to your child only in emergency situations. (see page 22 for more information on medication administration)

Illness: We follow the State of Minnesota licensing guidelines (Rule 3) regarding attendance of children who are sick. If your child exhibits any of the following symptoms you will be called immediately to pick him or her up, and they may be separated from the group in a cozy area until a care-giver arrives. Children with the following symptoms/illnesses are not allowed to be at the center due to the risk of infection to staff and other children:

- chicken pox
- vomiting two or more times in one day
- three or more loose stools in one day
- pus draining from the eye
- bacterial infection such as strep or impetigo

- unexplained tiredness
- lice, ringworm, pinworm, or scabies
- a 100.4 degree temperature before fever reducing medication is given. (Unless there is documentation from the patient's medical provider that the fever is due to a non-contagious condition.)
- undiagnosed rash
- significant respiratory distress
- appears uncomfortable and cannot participate in programming Your child will be allowed to attend childcare again once Cook County Child Care Center has received a doctor's note that he or she has been treated and is o.k. to be in the center (for contagious illnesses) and/or the symptoms (such as fever or diarrhea) have been gone for at least 24 hours. Thank you ahead of time for your understanding regarding this policy. If your child has been diagnosed with a contagious disease, please alert us as soon as possible. If your child is exposed to a contagious illness while at the center, a sign will be posted alerting you. *Please note*: If your child is too sick to play outside, please keep your child home. Our program includes outdoor play year round.

Emergencies: If your child ever requires medical attention or first aid, you will be notified immediately by phone and/or a written accident report. If First Aid is required a First Aid-certified staff person will administer the care necessary. In an emergency situation staff will call 911 and notify caregivers immediately.

Staff: We are staffed by a program director, and many talented teachers, assistant teachers, aides, and volunteers. All staff members working in the center have Sudden Unexpected Infant Death and Abusive Head Trauma training. At least one staff person trained in First Aid and CPR will be in the building at all times and will use his or her skills when necessary.

Volunteers: Volunteers may be in the classrooms with the children. They will always be under the supervision of our staff members. They will not make bottles or diaper/toilet the children.

Photos: We occasionally participate in research, university education projects or public relations activities which may include photos/videos of the children, activities or observations. A "photograph and video recording consent release form" is completed in the enrollment packet for Cook County Child Care Center purposes.

Meals: We provide healthy meals and snacks for the children in our care. Nutrition is so important. We try to limit sugar intake. Meals are posted on the school website. We provide breakfasts, hot/cold lunches and afternoon

snacks. If you would like to bring in something special for your child's class, for birthdays or otherwise, it must be non-food related.

Conferences: Parent/teacher conferences will be offered twice per year for each child in the center. These conferences will pertain to the child's developmental progress. All classrooms use the COR Assessment which measures the social-emotional, fine and gross motor, language, and cognitive areas of development. In addition to bi-annual conferences, transitional conferences will be held when a child moves to a new classroom. Additional conferences or meetings may be requested by either teachers or parents if either party has concerns they would like to discuss.

Educational Methods: All of our staff members work hard to further each child's developmental progress. The High Scope curriculum that we use is designed to provide children opportunities to increase their language, cognitive, fine and gross motor and social-emotional skills. We provide plenty of opportunities for children to increase their knowledge and try out their new skills. Children are never shamed or punished for not making developmental progress in an area.

Field Trips: You will receive advanced notice of any field trips the class is planning on taking. A field trip consent form will be provided and parents must return the written permission form in order for the child to attend the field trip.

Public Relations: A permission form will be given to parents for each occasion of research, experimental procedure, or public relations activity which may involve their child. A child must have a completed written parental permission form in order to participate in such events.

Behavior Guidance: We are aware that all children are curious about their surroundings, including the physical environment and people around them. If a situation arises that requires discipline, the teaching staff will redirect the child to another activity or offer appropriate choices. The child will also be reminded about acceptable behavior. In a situation where a child may become too disruptive to redirect, he/she may be asked to calm down with a staff member. If a preschooler has difficulty calming down, he/she may need to be separated from the group. Any separations are documented and you will be notified. For a full list of policies and procedures surrounding behavior quidance, see pages 2-8 of this Policy and Procedure Manual.

Persistent Unacceptable Behavior: In the event that a child is having consistent disruptive behavior in their classroom Cook County Child Care

Center teachers and/or office staff will request a meeting with the child's family to discuss the behavior, share tips, and brainstorm together for ideas to make the situation easier. If the child is continuing the behavior after an appropriate interval of time is given to try the new ideas Cook County Child Care Center staff will call another meeting to request permission for a social-emotional health consultant to observe the child in his or her classroom, and then have a meeting following the observation time to discuss the findings with the consultant, teachers, and family. If after another appropriate interval of time to implement the recommended changes the child is still having consistent disruptive behavior Cook County Child Care Center staff may make referrals to therapists, family support programs, or a different setting for the child. If families are willing to work with our staff and other professionals to make the situation better, we will make every effort to make it possible for the child to remain at the Cook County Child Care Center or assist with placement in an appropriate alternative setting.

Written Reports: Daily written reports are made to the parents about the child's food intake, elimination, sleeping patterns, and general behavior.

Pets: We may on occasion have pets visiting in the center. You will be notified before each visit.

Nap and Rest Policy - For Parents

- 1. Infants at Cook County Child Care Center nap according to their own internal clocks and are never forced into sleeping. Toddlers and Preschoolers will have quiet rest time after lunch.
- 2. Confinement limitation: A child who has completed a nap or rested quietly for **30 minutes** is never required to remain on a cot or in a crib or bed.
- 3. Placement of equipment: Naps and rest are provided in a quiet area that is physically separated from children who are engaged in an activity that will disrupt a napping or resting child. Cribs, cots, and beds must be placed so there are clear aisles and unimpeded access for both adults and children on at least one side of each piece of napping and resting equipment. Cribs, cots, and beds must be placed directly on the floor and must not be stacked when in use.
- 4. Bedding: separate bedding must be provided for each child in care. Bedding must be washed weekly and when soiled or wet. Blankets must be washed or dry cleaned weekly and when soiled or wet.
- 5. Crib Standard: A crib must be provided for each infant for which the center is licensed to provide care. The equipment must be of safe and sturdy construction that conforms to federal crib standards under Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, part 1219 for full-sized baby cribs, or part 1220 for non-full-size baby cribs. See Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.146, for additional crib safety standards including routine crib inspection requirements.
- 6. Reduction of risk of sudden unexpected infant death: Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.1435, the license holder must place each infant to sleep on the infant's back, unless the license holder has documentation from the infant's physician directing an alternative sleeping position for the infant. The physician directive must be on a form approved by the commissioner Physician's Directive for Infant Sleep Position form and must remain on file at the licensed location. An infant who independently rolls onto its stomach after being placed

- to sleep on its back may be allowed to remain sleeping on its stomach if the infant is at least six months of age or the license holder has a signed statement from the parent indicating that the infant regularly rolls over at home. Parents of infants will be given a form titled "Infant Less than Six Months of Age Regularly Rolling Over" that must be on file to meet this requirement.
- 7. The license holder must place each infant in a crib on a firm mattress with a fitted sheet that is appropriate to the mattress size that fits tightly on the mattress, and overlaps the underside of the mattress so it cannot be dislodged by pulling on the corner of the sheet with reasonable effort. The license holder must not place anything in the crib with the infant except for the infant's pacifier (and nothing may be attached to the pacifier) as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 15, part 1511. These requirements apply for children up to one year of age. Pacifiers must be labeled with the child's name or other individual identifier, but the label must be in good condition and securely adhered to the pacifier. There are different ways centers may label pacifiers. For example, centers may label the pacifier directly with the child's first and last name or may create a chart or system with numbers, colors, or the child's initials to label and match pacifiers with the appropriate child.
- 8. License holder may not place infants under one year of age down to sleep wearing clothing or sleepwear that has weighted materials, a hood, or a bib.
- 9. If a swaddle is used, it must be wrapped over the infant's arms, fastened securely across the infant's upper torso, and not constrict the infant's hips or legs. Like other clothing or sleepwear, a swaddle cannot have weighted materials, a hood, or a bib. Placing a swaddled infant down to sleep in a licensed setting is not recommended for an infant of any age and is prohibited for any infant who has begun to roll over independently. However, with the written consent of a parent or guardian according to this paragraph, a license holder may place the infant who has not yet begun to roll over on its own down to sleep in a one-piece sleeper equipped with an attached system that fastens securely only across the upper torso, with no constriction of the hips or legs, to create a swaddle. Prior to any use of swaddling for sleep by a provider licensed under this chapter, the license holder must obtain informed written consent for the use of swaddling from the parent or

- guardian of the infant on a form approved by the commissioner Parent Consent for Swaddling and prepared in partnership with the Minnesota Sudden Infant Death Center.
- 10. If an infant under one year of age requires a helmet for their development and would wear it while being placed down to sleep, centers must use the DHS form to obtain signed documentation from a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, physician assistant, licensed occupational therapist, or licensed physical therapist.
- 11. If a parent or guardian requests the use of a cradleboard for a cultural accommodation, centers may request a variance to Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.1435. If a variance is granted, the license holder must check the cradleboard not less than monthly to ensure it is structurally sound and there are no loose or protruding parts and maintain written documentation of this review.
- 12. If an infant falls asleep before being placed in a crib, the license holder must move the infant to a crib as soon as practicable and must keep the infant within sight of the license holder until the infant is placed in a crib. When an infant falls asleep while being held, the license holder must consider the supervision needs of other children in care when determining how long to hold the infant before placing the infant in a crib to sleep. The sleeping infant must not be in a position where the airway may be blocked or with anything covering the infant's face.

Program Grievance Procedure for Parents

- 1. Persons served by Cook County Child Care Center, and their authorized representatives, have the right to bring a grievance to the highest level of authority at Cook County Child Care Center.
- 2. If a parent/caregiver has a grievance, they should first attempt to address the issue informally with the child's teacher.
- 3. If the teacher does not address the issue satisfactorily to the parent, or if the parent does not feel comfortable discussing it with the teacher, the parent should address the issue with the Child Care Director.
- 4. If the Child Care Director does not address the issue satisfactorily to the parent, or if the parent does not feel comfortable discussing it with them, the parent should address the issue with the YMCA Branch Executive Director, District Vice President, Senior Vice President of Operations, and then the CEO/President of the YMCA.
- 5. To remedy concerns that appear to have been ignored or unresolved after initial reporting, utilize this formal grievance procedure. This procedures provides for a timely, thorough and objective investigation of the following concerns
 - a. Inappropriate behavior by employees/volunteers
 - b. Inappropriate behavior by other members/guests/program participants
 - c. Retaliation
 - d. Whistleblower complaints
- 6. Written Complaint Required for Formal Process

Verbal complaints are encouraged, particularly for issues that may be easily and expeditiously resolved, but a written complaint is required to initiate this grievance process. To ensure a timely and effective response, complaints should include the following information to the extent possible:

- a. The name(s) of individuals involved
- b. The date(s) the behavior occurred
- c. The name(so) of any known witness(es)
- d. A summary of the conduct meriting the grievance including:
 - i. The behavior complained or and/or the alleged policy or legal violation(s)
 - ii. Direct quotes when relevant and available

iii. Any relevant documentation

e. The remedy sought by the person making the complaint

7. Timeline

Youth or families who themselves have complaints or who are aware of behavior meriting a complaint must provide the above described written complaint via email to their program director or Branch Executive Director within 5-10 business days. The Program Director or Branch Executive Director will meet with the person who reported the information to hear their concern and attempt to resolve the complaint within 5-10 business days of the meeting.

If the person filing the grievance is not satisfied with the written response, the individual may submit an appeal to the District Vice President. The District VP will follow up with the person filing the grievance within 5-10 business days to hear the concern and attempt to resolve the complaint. Following this meeting, the District VP will provide a written response within 5-10 business days of the meeting.

8. Investigation

Any employee of the Duluth Area Family YMCA that receives a written grievance will thoroughly investigate issues raised and will protect the privacy and confidentiality of all parties involved to the extent possible by law. All parties must cooperate with the investigation. If the Duluth YMCA determines a violation of policy or law has occurred, the Duluth YMCA will take appropriate action, up to and including termination and notification of external authorities.

9. Retaliation

The Duluth Area Family YMCA strictly prohibits retaliation against any person for reporting, filing, testifying, assistant or participating in any manner in any investigation, proceeding or hearing conducted by the Duluth YMCA or a federal or state law enforcement agency or court. Any suspected retaliation should be reported to the Branch Executive, the District VP, or the HR Director immediately after becoming aware of it. Any report of retaliatory conduct will be objectively, timely and thoroughly investigated. Any report of retaliatory conduct will be objectively, timely and thoroughly investigated. If a report of retaliation is found to be valid, the organization will take appropriate remedial action, up to and including discharging the individual(s) responsible. This organization will not retaliate against any person for raising a complaint and will not knowingly permit retaliation my management or other employees.

10. If a parent/caregiver ever feels abuse took place at the Cook County Child Care Center, they have the right to report it directly to the State Child Care <u>Licensing Department 651-431-6500</u>

MALTREATMENT OF MINORS MANDATED REPORTING POLICY FOR DHS LICENSED PROGRAMS

Who Should Report Child Abuse and Neglect

- Any person may voluntarily report abuse or neglect.
- If you work with children in a licensed facility, you are legally required or mandated to report and
 cannot shift the responsibility of reporting to your supervisor or to anyone else at your licensed
 facility. If you know or have reason to believe a child is being or has been neglected or physically
 or sexually abused within the preceding three years you must immediately (within 24 hours) make
 a report to an outside agency.

Where to Report

- If you know or suspect that a child is in immediate danger, call 911.
- Reports concerning suspected abuse or neglect of children occurring in a licensed <u>child foster</u> care or family child care facility should be made to county child protection services
- Reports concerning suspected abuse or neglect of children occurring in <u>all other facilities licensed</u> by the Minnesota Department of Human Services should be made to the Department of Human Services, Licensing Division's Maltreatment Intake line at (651) 431-6600.
- Reports regarding incidents of suspected abuse or neglect of children occurring within a family or in the community should be made to the local county social services agency at 23.387-3620 or local law enforcement at _218-381-3030
- If your report does not involve possible abuse or neglect, but does involve possible violations of Minnesota Statutes or Rules that govern the facility, you should call the Department of Human Services Licensing Division at (651) 431-6500.

What to Report

- Definitions of maltreatment are contained in the Reporting of Maltreatment of Minors Act (Minnesota Statutes, section 626,556) and should be attached to this policy.
- A report to any of the above agencies should contain enough information to identify the child involved, any persons responsible for the abuse or neglect (if known), and the nature and extent of the maltreatment and/or possible licensing violations. For reports concerning suspected abuse or neglect occurring within a licensed facility, the report should include any actions taken by the facility in response to the incident.
- An oral report of suspected abuse or neglect made to one of the above agencies by a mandated reporter must be followed by a written report to the same agency within 72 hours, exclusive of weekends and holidays.

Failure to Report

A mandated reporter who knows or has reason to believe a child is or has been neglected or physically or sexually abused and fails to report is guilty of a misdemeanor. In addition, a mandated reporter who fails to report maltreatment that is found to be serious or recurring maltreatment may be disqualified from employment in positions allowing direct contact with persons receiving services from

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programs licensed by the Department of Human Services and by the Minnesota Department of Health, and unlicensed Personal Care Provider Organizations.

Retaliation Prohibited

An employer of any mandated reporter shall not retaliate against the mandated reporter for reports made in good faith or against a child with respect to whom the report is made. The Reporting of Maltreatment of Minors Act contains specific provisions regarding civil actions that can be initiated by mandated reporters who believe that retaliation has occurred.

Internal Review

When the facility has reason to know that an internal or external report of alleged or suspected maltreatment has been made, the facility must complete an internal review within 30 calendar days and take corrective action, if necessary, to protect the health and safety of children in care. The internal review must include an evaluation of whether:

- (i) related policies and procedures were followed;
- (ii) the policies and procedures were adequate;
- (iii) there is a need for additional staff training;
- (iv) the reported event is similar to past events with the children or the services involved; and
- (v) there is a need for corrective action by the license holder to protect the health and safety of children in care.

Primary and Secondary Person or Position to Ensure Internal Reviews are Completed

The internal review will be completed by Childcare Director (name or position). If this individual is involved in the alleged or suspected maltreatment, Execust, ve Director (name or position) will be responsible for completing the internal review.

Documentation of the Internal Review

The facility must document completion of the internal review and make internal reviews accessible to the commissioner immediately upon the commissioner's request.

Corrective Action Plan

Based on the results of the internal review, the license holder must develop, document, and implement a corrective action plan designed to correct current lapses and prevent future lapses in performance by individuals or the license holder, if any.

Staff Training

The license holder must provide training to all staff related to the mandated reporting responsibilities as specified in the Reporting of Maltreatment of Minors Act (Minnesota Statutes, section 626.556). The license holder must document the provision of this training in individual personnel records, monitor implementation by staff, and ensure that the policy is readily accessible to staff, as specified under Minnesota Statutes, section 245A.04, subdivision 14.

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Administrative Records

The following is a list of records that will be maintained by the program within the center at all times and be available for inspection at the request of the Commissioner.

- A folder for each child will be kept on site which will contain a record of the policies and information given to parents, child information (contact, health, schedule, etc)
- Personnel records for each staff member which includes personal information and documentation of trainings/orientations.
- The Child Care Program Plan
- Accident, injury, emergency, and incident reports.
- Staff distribution schedule
- Separation logs/reports
- Health Consultant reports
- Log of fire and storm drills
- Medicine Administration forms
- Crib Checks
- Record of the use of experienced aides and unqualified substitutes
- Record of internal reviews and corrective action plans
- Risk Reduction Plan
- Policies and Procedures necessary to maintain compliance with licensing requirements.